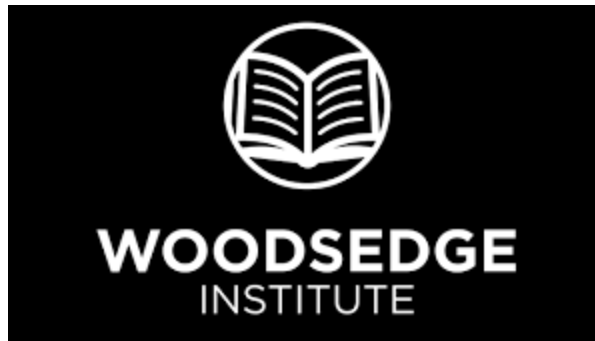




301: New Testament Bible Survey Session 3: The Gospels – Part II

The Gospel of Luke

- *Key Verse:*
Luke 4:19 - 21 - "The Spirit of the Lord is on me, because he has anointed me to proclaim good news to the poor. He has sent me to proclaim freedom for the prisoners and recovery of sight for the blind, to set the oppressed free, to proclaim the year of the Lord's favor"...He began by saying to them, "Today this scripture is fulfilled in your hearing."
- *Summary:*
Luke's gospel, the first volume of a single work (Luke-Acts), emphasizes the universal nature of Jesus' work on the cross, opening a path for both Jews and Gentiles to a relationship with God and the breaking of the Kingdom of God into the world, reflected in a re-ordering of the social, political, and religious spheres to reflect God's nature.

The Gospel of John

- *Key verse:*
John 12:23 - 29 - "Jesus replied, "The hour has come for the Son of Man to be glorified...Now my soul is troubled, and what shall I say? 'Father, save me from this hour? No, it was for this very reason I came to this hour. Father, glorify your name!" Then a voice came from heaven, "I have glorified it, and will glorify it again."

- *Summary:*

John, the Fourth gospel, uses highly theological imagery and narrative style to lay out Jesus' identity as the divine Son of God, acting in concert with the Father to redeem the world through his sacrificial death. The reader is invited to engage Jesus' message as transmitted by the "Beloved Disciple" and enter the community of faith.

A major theme in Luke is that the community of faith includes _____ ethnic groups.

The idea of salvation in Luke is not simply about personal salvation, but involves a great _____ in the social dimension as well.

Jesus' message about the Kingdom of God taking root is ultimately _____ in the Book of Acts.

John only shares ____% of its material with the synoptic gospels.

The purpose of the gospel is both _____ and/or _____ .

The major theme of John is the _____ of Jesus and his _____ of the Father.

Jesus is presented as the _____ of God, meaning Jesus is uniquely given authority by God to accomplish his purposes.

Jesus' use of I AM indicates his _____ status.

The first section of the Gospel of John is called the Book of _____ .

The climactic event of the book is the _____ of Lazarus.

The second section of the Gospel of John is called the Book of _____ .

The first section of the Book of Glory is called the _____ .

In a "farewell discourse" the leader summarizes his _____ and applies his message

to _____ .

Jesus promises to leave behind the _____ , someone who will defend believers against unjust accusations before the court.

In the High Priestly Prayer in Chapter 17, Jesus prays for _____ , the _____ , and all _____ .

Jesus completes Peter's _____ in Chapter 21.

The final comments from the editor of John address the life and _____ of the Beloved Disciple.